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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/777,429	CHESTON ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Nathan Erb	3628					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS,							
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versions for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	I.  lety filed  the mailing date of this communication.  D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 O	ctober 2007.						
, <del></del>	,—						
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-39 is/are pending in the application.	4) Claim(s) 1-39 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are rejected.	•						
	Claim(s) <u>2,3,5,8,11,19-21,26,29 and 32-37</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 February 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau	• • • •						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d					
Attachment(s)							
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>20070910</u> .	6) Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Objections

- 1. Claims 2-3, 5, 8, 11, 19-21, 26, 29, and 32-37 are objected to because of the following informalities:
  - a. In the first line of claim 2, please remove the word "of."
  - b. In the second line of claim 2, please remove the space before the hyphen.
  - c. In the second line of claim 3, please remove the period.
  - d. In the eighth line of claim 5, please insert the word --and-- at the end of the line.
  - e. In the first line of claim 8, please insert a semicolon at the end of the line.
  - f. In the third line of claim 11, please insert the word --and-- at the end of the line.
- g. In the fourth line of claim 19, please insert the word --and-- immediately before the word "collecting."
  - h. In the fifth line of claim 19, please insert the word -- and -- at the end of the line.
  - i. In the first line of claim 20, please replace the word "A" with -- The--.
  - j. In the second line of claim 21, please insert the word --and-- at the end of the line.
  - k. In the third line of claim 26, please insert the word -- and -- at the end of the line.
- l. In the fourth line of claim 26, please replace the semicolon at the end of the line with a colon.
  - m. In the fourth line of claim 29, please insert the word -- and -- at the end of the line.
- n. In the eleventh line of claim 32, please replace the phrase "chargeable technology usage tracking" with --chargeable-technology-usage-tracking--.

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- o. In the fourth and fifth lines of claim 33, please replace the phrase "chargeable technology tracking" with --chargeable-technology-usage-tracking--.
  - p. In the first line of claim 34, please remove the period at the end of the line.
  - q. In the second line of claim 34, please replace the word "Hidden" with --hidden--.
- r. In the second line of claim 34, please replace the phrase "technology usage tracking" with --chargeable-technology-usage-tracking--.
- s. In the first line of claim 35, please replace the phrase "central location" with --central-location--.
  - t. In the fifth line of claim 35, please replace the word "and" with --which is--.
- u. In the ninth line of claim 35, please replace the phrase "chargeable technology data receiving" with --chargeable-technology-data-receiving--.
- v. In the third-from-last line of claim 35, please replace the phrase "technology usage data reporting and billing" with --technology-usage-data-reporting-and-billing--.
- w. In the first line of claim 36, please replace the phrase "central location" with --central-location--.
- x. In the second and third lines of claim 36, please replace the phrase "data receiving" with --chargeable-technology-data-receiving--.
- y. In the first line of claim 37, please replace the phrase "central location" with --central location--.

Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

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The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 11, 15, 17, 21-22, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

As per <u>Claim 11</u>, the claim contains an action that is to be performed if a particular condition is present. However, the claim does not also state what action occurs if that particular condition is not present. This renders the claim to be indefinite. The conditional statement being referred to here is: "if the client computing system is connected to the network."

As per <u>Claim 15</u>, the second line of the claim includes the phrase "or other eventuality." It is unclear what is being referred to by this phrase. Please delete this phrase.

As per <u>Claim 17</u>, the third line of the claim includes the phrase "or other eventuality." It is unclear what is being referred to by this phrase. Please delete this phrase.

As per <u>Claim 21</u>, the claim contains an action that is to be performed if a particular condition is present. However, the claim does not also state what action occurs if that particular condition is not present. This renders the claim to be indefinite. The conditional statement being referred to here is: "if the system is connected to the network."

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As per <u>Claim 22</u>, claim 22 recites the limitation "said process" in the first line of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

As per <u>Claim 26</u>, the claim contains an action that is to be performed if a particular condition is present. However, the claim does not also state what action occurs if that particular condition is not present. This renders the claim to be indefinite. The conditional statement being referred to here is: "if the central location has connectivity to the remote system."

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

5. Claims 29-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. "A service" does not fall within at least one of the four categories of patent eligible subject matter recited in 35 U.S.C. 101 (process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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7. Claims 1, 3, 6, 8-9, 11-13, 23, 25, 32, 35, and 38-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hoffman et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication No. US

2005/0137973 A1.

## As per Claims 1 and 8, Hoffman et al. discloses:

- a method (title of reference);
- charging a first price for a computer system (paragraphs [0040] and [0049]);
- tracking the execution by the computer system of at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
- charging an additional price for each execution of the at least one chargeable technology by the computer system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
- selecting execution of a chargeable technology on a client computing system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
  - executing said selected chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
- collecting data relating to said execution on said client computing system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
- storing said collected data in a protected storage area on said system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]).

As per <u>Claims 3 and 9</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein tracking the execution of the chargeable technology comprises collecting and storing data regarding said execution, said data comprising: a date and time of the execution; an identity of the chargeable technology

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executed; and unique identifying information associated with the computer system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; p. 5, Table 1).

As per <u>Claim 6</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein said computer system comprises at least two computer systems delivered by a system provider to at least two users within a group (paragraph [0071]; "users" indicates multiplicity of customers).

As per <u>Claim 11</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses periodically determining if the client computing system is connected to a network; if the client computing system is connected to the network, gathering said collected data from the protected storage area and forwarding said collected data to a predetermined central location on the network (paragraph [0067]).

As per <u>Claim 12</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein the determining, gathering and forwarding steps are performed without the intervention or knowledge of a user of said system (paragraph [0067]).

As per Claim 13, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein the selecting execution step comprises initiation by a user of the system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]).

As per Claim 23, Hoffman et al. discloses:

- a method (title of reference);

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- receiving at a central location data representing at least one execution by a remote system of at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]);

- storing said data in a protected area of said central location (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]).

As per <u>Claim 25</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein said data comprises: a date and time of the execution; an identity of the chargeable technology executed; and unique identifying information associated with the remote system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; p. 5, Table 1).

As per Claim 32, Hoffman et al. discloses:

- a computer system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
- at least one central processing unit (CPU) (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
- a memory operatively connected to the CPU (paragraph [0098]);
- a non-volatile storage operatively connected to the CPU and holding at least a primary operating system for execution on said CPU and effective when executing for controlling the operation of the system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0098]; operable computers have operating systems);

a communication interface operatively connected to said CPU for interfacing said system with a network (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);

- at least one chargeable technology accessible for execution on said CPU (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);

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- a chargeable technology usage tracking component accessible for execution on said CPU for tracking the execution by the system of the at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]).

### As per Claim 35, Hoffman et al. discloses:

- a central location computer system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]);
- at least one central processing unit (CPU) (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]; paragraph [0098]);
- a memory operatively connected to the CPU (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]; paragraph [0098]);
- a non-volatile storage operatively connected to the CPU and holding at least a primary operating system for execution on said CPU and effective when executing for controlling the operation of the system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]; paragraph [0098]; operable computers have operating systems);
- a communication interface operatively connected to said CPU for interfacing said system with a network (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
- a chargeable technology data receiving component for receiving from remote systems data indicative of execution on said remote systems of at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]);
- a technology usage data reporting and billing component for periodically sending to the remote systems a usage report detailing the use by the remote systems of the at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0054]).

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As per <u>Claim 38</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein the tracking is performed without the intervention or knowledge of a user of the system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]; paragraph [0098]).

As per <u>Claim 39</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein the collecting and storing of data is performed without the intervention or knowledge of a user of said system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]; paragraph [0098]).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hoffman et al. in view of Dresden, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. US 2005/0021440 A1.

As per Claim 2, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose wherein the first price is lower than a break-even price for a provider. Dresden discloses wherein the first price is lower than a break-even price for a provider (paragraph [0009]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that the first price is lower than a break-even price for a provider, as disclosed by Dresden.

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Motivation is provided by Dresden in that selling below cost may be used to gain market share (paragraph [0009]).

10. Claims 4, 7, 10, 14-18, 21-22, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hoffman et al.

As per Claims 4 and 10, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose encrypting the collected data before storing the collected data. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that it encrypts the collected data before storing the collected data, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that encrypting data helps ensure privacy.

As per Claim 7, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein tracking the execution of the at least one chargeable technology comprises tracking said execution on all systems within the group (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0071]; "users" indicates multiplicity of customers). Hoffman et al. fails to disclose charging one price to the group for all executions of the at least one chargeable technology by the users within the group. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that it charges one price to the group for all executions of the at

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least one chargeable technology by the users within the group, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that it is sometimes more convenient to group users under a single bill.

As per Claim 14, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose wherein the selecting execution step comprises an automatic selection by the system based on an occurrence of a pre-determined event, without the intervention or knowledge of a user of the system. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that the selecting execution step comprises an automatic selection by the system based on an occurrence of a pre-determined event, without the intervention or knowledge of a user of the system, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that automatic triggering of computer resources when needed is convenient.

As per Claim 15, Hoffman et al. discloses:

- a method (title of reference);
- selecting execution of a chargeable technology on said system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
  - executing said selected chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);

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- collecting data relating to said execution on said computer system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);

- storing said collected data in a protected storage area on said system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]).

Hoffman et al. fails to disclose recognizing in a computer system a system problem or other eventuality indicating a need for execution by the computer system of at least one chargeable technology. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention (this is typical when a user of a home computer initiates a virus cleaner program). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that a user recognizes in a computer system a system problem or other eventuality indicating a need for execution by the computer system of at least one chargeable technology, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that it is sometimes necessary to notice computer problems in order to correct them.

As per <u>Claim 16</u>, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose wherein the selecting execution step comprises a selection by a user of the system of a chargeable technology to execute from a menu or list of available chargeable technologies presented to said user. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as modified in the rejection for claim 15 such

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that the selecting execution step comprises a selection by a user of the system of a chargeable technology to execute from a menu or list of available chargeable technologies presented to said user, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that menus are a convenient way for a user to interface with a computer system.

As per Claim 17, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose wherein the selecting execution step comprises an automatic selection by the system of a chargeable technology to execute based on the type of system problem or other eventuality recognized. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as modified in the rejection for claim 15 such that the selecting execution step comprises an automatic selection by the system of a chargeable technology to execute based on the type of system problem or other eventuality recognized, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention.

Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that automated troubleshooters are convenient for users who may not be able to correct a problem on their own.

As per <u>Claim 18</u>, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose encrypting and digitally signing the data prior to storing the data. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary

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skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as modified in the rejection for claim 15 such that it encrypts and digitally signs the data prior to storing the data, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that encrypting and digitally signing data helps ensure privacy.

As per <u>Claim 21</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses periodically determining if the system is connected to a network; if the system is connected to the network, gathering said stored data and forwarding said data to a predetermined central location on the network (paragraph [0067]).

As per Claim 22, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein the entire said process is performed without the intervention or knowledge of a user of the system (paragraph [0067]).

As per Claim 24, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose decrypting said data prior to storing said data. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that it decrypts said data prior to storing said data, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that it is generally necessary to first decrypt data so that it may be used.

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11. Claims 5 and 26-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hoffman et al. in view of Abrams et al., U.S. Patent Application Publication No. US 2002/0166117 A1.

As per Claim 5, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein charging an additional price comprises: gathering the stored data relating to use of a chargeable technology; creating a technology usage report indicating the use of each chargeable technology; creating an invoice representing charges for the at least one chargeable technology; sending the report and the invoice to a user of the computer system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0054]).

Hoffman fails to disclose wherein billing is done on a per-use basis. Abrams et al. discloses wherein billing is done on a per-use basis (paragraph [0138]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that billing is done on a per-use basis, as disclosed by Abrams et al.

Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that per-use may be a strategically desirable way to bill for a business's service.

As per <u>Claim 26</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses periodically determining if the central location has connectivity to the remote system; if the central location has connectivity to the remote system; gathering the stored data corresponding to said remote system; creating an invoice representing charges for said execution of said at least one chargeable technology; and forwarding said invoice to the remote system (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0054]).

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Hoffman fails to disclose wherein billing is done on a per-use basis. Abrams et al. discloses wherein billing is done on a per-use basis (paragraph [0138]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that billing is done on a per-use basis, as disclosed by Abrams et al. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that per-use may be a strategically desirable way to bill for a business's service.

As per <u>Claim 27</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein said remote system comprises at least two remote systems associated with at least two users within at least one group (paragraph [0071]; "users" indicates multiplicity of customers).

As per Claim 28, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose conducting the billing process on a group basis. However, that element/limitation was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as modified in the rejection for claim 27 such that it conducts the billing process on a group basis, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that it is sometimes more convenient to group users under a single bill.

As per Claim 29, Hoffman et al. discloses:

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- a service (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);

- receiving data in a client system relating to execution by a user on said system of at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]);
- storing said data in a manner retrievable according to user (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]);
- periodically retrieving said data according to user and creating a technology usage report for each user indicating usage of each chargeable technology by each user (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]; p. 5, Table 1).

Hoffman fails to disclose wherein billing is done on a per-use basis. Abrams et al. discloses wherein billing is done on a per-use basis (paragraph [0138]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that billing is done on a per-use basis, as disclosed by Abrams et al. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that per-use may be a strategically desirable way to bill for a business's service.

Hoffman et al. fails to disclose generating the technology usage report at the server.

However, it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that functions in a client/server system can typically be performed at either the client or the server. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as modified above in this rejection such that it generates the technology usage report at the server; in doing so, it would be performing the function at the server, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of

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applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that a server may have more processing power than a client.

As per <u>Claim 30</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses configuring the client system with at least one chargeable technology; and configuring the client system with a capability to track and report data relating to the execution by a user of the system of the at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]).

As per Claim 31, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose wherein an invoice representing charges is generated at the client. However, it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that functions in a client/server system can typically be performed at either the client or the server. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as modified above in this rejection such that an invoice representing charges is generated at the client; in doing so, it would be performing the function at the client, as was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that performing functions at a client may help relieve processing burden on a server.

12. Claims 19-20, 33-34, and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hoffman et al. in view of Hensley, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. US 2004/0133790 A1.

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As per Claim 19, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose entering an alternate operating mode of the system by initiating execution of an alternate operating system; performing functions under control of the alternate operating system; returning control of the system to a primary operating system for normal operation. Hensley discloses entering an alternate operating mode of the system by initiating execution of an alternate operating system; performing functions under control of the alternate operating system; returning control of the system to a primary operating system for normal operation (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as modified in the rejection for claim 15 such that it enters an alternate operating mode of the system by initiating execution of an alternate operating system; performs functions under control of the alternate operating system; and returns control of the system to a primary operating system for normal operation, as disclosed by Hensley. Motivation is provided by Hensley in that such actions may help to recover a computer system with system problems (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]).

As per Claim 20, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose wherein said alternate operating system is provided on the system in a manner which is hidden from a user of the system and protected from tampering. Hensley further discloses wherein said alternate operating system is provided on the system in a manner which is hidden from a user of the system and protected from tampering (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as

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modified in the rejection for claim 19 such that said alternate operating system is provided on the system in a manner which is hidden from a user of the system and protected from tampering, as disclosed by Hensley. Motivation is provided by Hensley in that such an alternate operating system can be useful in helping to recover a computer system from a virus attack (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]).

As per Claim 33, Hoffman et al. fails to disclose an alternate operating system in a protected and hidden area of said non-volatile storage and wherein said alternate operating system executes on said CPU to perform functions. Hensley discloses an alternate operating system in a protected and hidden area of said non-volatile storage and wherein said alternate operating system executes on said CPU to perform functions (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that it includes an alternate operating system in a protected and hidden area of said non-volatile storage and said alternate operating system executes on said CPU to perform functions, as disclosed by Hensley. Motivation is provided by Hensley in that such a configuration may help to recover a computer system with system problems (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]).

As per <u>Claim 34</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses storing data relating to the execution by the system of said at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0067]). Hoffman et al. fails to disclose a secure, hidden area of said non-volatile storage.

Hensley discloses a secure, hidden area of said non-volatile storage (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-

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[0010]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that it includes a secure, hidden area of said non-volatile storage, as disclosed by Hensley. Motivation is provided by Hensley in that such an area can help safeguard data from computer viruses (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]).

As per Claim 36, Hoffman et al. further discloses storing the data received from the remote systems (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0098]). Hoffman et al. fails to disclose a secure, hidden area of said non-volatile storage for use. Hensley discloses a secure, hidden area of said non-volatile storage for use (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. such that it includes a secure, hidden area of said non-volatile storage for use, as disclosed by Hensley. Motivation is provided by Hensley in that such an area can help safeguard data from computer viruses (abstract; paragraphs [0001]-[0010]).

13. Claim 37 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hoffman et al. in view of Hensley in further view of Abrams et al.

As per <u>Claim 37</u>, Hoffman et al. further discloses wherein said usage report comprises an invoice representing charges for the executions by the remote systems of the at least one chargeable technology (paragraphs [0013]-[0014]; paragraph [0054]). Hoffman fails to disclose wherein billing is done on a per-use basis. Abrams et al. discloses wherein billing is done on a per-use basis (paragraph [0138]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art

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at the time of applicant's invention to modify the invention of Hoffman et al. as modified in the rejection for claim 36 such that billing is done on a per-use basis, as disclosed by Abrams et al. Motivation is provided in that it was well-known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicants' invention that per-use may be a strategically desirable way to bill for a business's service.

#### Conclusion

- 14. **Examiner's Note:** Examiner has cited particular portions of the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested that the applicant, in preparing the responses, fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.
- 15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nathan Erb whose telephone number is (571) 272-7606. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays through Fridays, 8:30 AM to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Hayes can be reached on (571) 272-6708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Nathan Erb Examiner Art Unit 3628

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